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# Writing in LaTeX by examples

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# Why?

- Free document preparation system
  - Used starting from '80s
    - publication of scientific documents in many fields, including mathematics, statistics, computer science, engineering, chemistry, physics, economics, linguistics, quantitative psychology, philosophy, and political science
    - [www.latex-project.org/](http://www.latex-project.org/)
  - Command-like usage, control the appearance
    - “Lamport TeX” comprises a collection of TeX macros and a program to process LaTeX documents
    - LaTeX provide a high-level language for document writers
    - The writer uses markup tagging conventions
    - Follows the design philosophy of separating presentation from content
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```

\documentclass{article}
\usepackage{amsmath}
\title{\LaTeX}

\begin{document}
  \maketitle
  \LaTeX{} is a document preparation system for
  the \TeX{} typesetting program. It offers
  programmable desktop publishing features and
  extensive facilities for automating most
  aspects of typesetting and desktop publishing,
  including numbering and cross-referencing,
  tables and figures, page layout,
  bibliographies, and much more. \LaTeX{} was
  originally written in 1984 by Leslie Lamport
  and has become the dominant method for using
  \TeX; few people write in plain \TeX{} anymore.
  The current version is \LaTeXe.

  % This is a comment, not shown in final output.
  % The following shows typesetting power of LaTeX:
  \begin{align}
    E_0 &= mc^2 \\
    E &= \frac{mc^2}{\sqrt{1-\frac{v^2}{c^2}}}
  \end{align}
\end{document}

```

## L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X

L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X is a document preparation system for the T<sub>E</sub>X typesetting program. It offers programmable desktop publishing features and extensive facilities for automating most aspects of typesetting and desktop publishing, including numbering and cross-referencing, tables and figures, page layout, bibliographies, and much more. L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X was originally written in 1984 by Leslie Lamport and has become the dominant method for using T<sub>E</sub>X; few people write in plain T<sub>E</sub>X anymore. The current version is L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X 2<sub>ε</sub>.

$$E_0 = mc^2 \tag{1}$$

$$E = \frac{mc^2}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{v^2}{c^2}}} \tag{2}$$

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# Most known tools

- Free tools:
    - Distributions: TeXLive, MiKTeX, MacTeX, gwTeX, proTeXt
    - WYSIWYM visual document processors using LaTeX: LyX, TeXmacs, TexitEasy
    - Most used editor: TeXworks
  - On-line collaborative tools:
    - ShareLaTeX
    - Overleaf
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# The most simple example

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\documentclass{article}  
\begin{document}  
Hello world!  
\end{document}
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Let's test it...

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